



Blue Flag
Iris versicolor

Great Lobelia
Lobelia siphilitica

New England Aster
Aster novae angliae

Narrow Sundrops
Oenothera fruticosa

Columbine
Aquilegia canadensis

Cardinal Flower
Lobelia cardinalis

Cut-leaf Coneflower
Rudbeckia laciniata

White Turtlehead
Chelone glabra

Joe-Pye Weed
Eupatorium dubium

Beardtongue
Penstemon digitalis

Rain gardens should be located at least 10 feet from your foundation in a gently sloping or flat part of your yard where you can direct your downspout. Your garden should be around 6 inches deep with a berm on the downhill side.



Rain Garden

Rain gardens are landscaped depressions that are designed to capture and filter stormwater from roofs, driveways, and other hard surfaces. By collecting water and allowing it to slowly soak into the ground, rain gardens reduce the potential for erosion and minimize the amount of pollutants flowing from your lawn into a storm drain, and eventually into our lakes, rivers, and streams. Planting your rain garden with native plants not only enhances the beauty of your yard, but also provides valuable habitat for birds and butterflies.

Project Partners:

Lake George Association
Lake Champlain Lake George
Regional Planning Board
Champlain Watershed
Improvement Coalition of NY

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